

PROSPECT CARDS

Property Name Peck Mine (Bacommine)
 Property Owner _____
 Submitted by _____
 Location: State Oregon
 County Curry
 Mining D. China Diggins (Chetco)

Code No. _____
 Followup Recom. _____
 Later Review Recom. _____
 Examined by _____
 Company _____
 Date _____
 Where filed _____

Miller Cr & Babyfoot Trks. To Chetco. On ridge between Miller & Babyfoot Cr.

T _____ R _____ Sec. _____

- | Metals | Production Metal |
|--|------------------|
| Cu <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | _____ |
| Mo _____ | _____ |
| Pb _____ | _____ |
| Zn _____ | _____ |
| Ag _____ | _____ |
| Au <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | _____ |
| Fe _____ | _____ |
| Mn _____ | _____ |
| Cr _____ | _____ |
| Ni _____ | _____ |
| W _____ | _____ |
| U _____ | _____ |
| Re _____ | _____ |
| P ₂ O ₅ _____ | _____ |
| K ₂ O _____ | _____ |
| Sn _____ | _____ |
| Be _____ | _____ |
| Coal _____ | _____ |
| Hg _____ | _____ |

AMS Quad _____
 Other Quad _____
 Production
 None 10² 10³ 10⁴ 10⁵ 50⁵ 10⁶
 TONS

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Geology
 Host Rock ~~_____~~ IN 7 inst. & 5 exp

at contact
 Mineralization
 Type veins or boulders at sul sidge at contact.
 Trend N60°E
 Ore CP4, PIV.

Gangue _____
 Alteration
 Type _____
 Extent _____
 Bibliography
 USGS _____
 USBM _____
 Other _____

Other _____

Remarks: _____

 Follow-up Recom. _____

Field Time
 None _____
 1 Day _____
 1 Week _____
 1 Mo _____
 +1 Mo _____

"These groups were not visited, but Diller describes them together as follows:

'Recent strikes of the Higgins mine have greatly invigorated prospecting in that region, and numerous claims have been located near the same horizon to the south on Miller Creek and Babyfoot Creek, tributaries of the Chetco.

'The Miller and Bacon prospects are on the ridge between Miller Creek and Babyfoot. At the northern foot of this spur, along Miller Creek, a mass of serpentine strikes nearly east and west and cuts the volcanic greenstones which form the body of the ridge. The greenstones are well exposed in the great bluffs overlooking Babyfoot, and are intruded by smaller masses of serpentine, off-shoots of the larger masses which lie at some distances on both sides.

'Considerable quartz occurs in irregular veins or bunches in the greenstone, especially near the contact with serpentine, where it is impregnated with chalcopyrite and pyrrhotite. The veins strike in general about N.60° E. and dip SE. Their gold content is not evident, though it is said that assays show a considerable amount. The gold at present remains in the decomposed and rotten rock ready to be released by sluicing.

'In the Miller Group of ten claims a portion of the contact has been sluiced. A ditch is being opened from Miller Creek to the crest of the divide at an elevation of about 2,760 feet, for the purpose of sluicing available auriferous residual material clinging to the slopes on both sides of the spur.'

"Although Diller does not mention the fact, it is evident from his map that the Bacon group is on the Miller Creek side of the divide, while the Miller group is on the Babyfoot slope, about a mile southwest of the Bacon claims". (Ref: Bacon and Miller Groups, Parks and Swartley, 16:19 quoted).