Increased potential for landslides and debris flows in northwest Oregon and southwest Washington

The official statement from the National Weather Service can be found at: http://forecast.weather.gov/wwamap/wwatxtget.php?cwa=pqr&wwa=flood%20watch

THE NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE HAS ISSUED A FLOOD WATCH IN EFFECT FOR THIS EVENING THROUGH WEDNESDAY EVENING FOR RIVERS AND CREEKS IN NORTHWEST OREGON AND SOUTHWEST WASHINGTON

THE FLOOD WATCH INCLUDES THE FOLLOWING AREAS:

NORTH OREGON COAST-CENTRAL OREGON COAST- COAST RANGE OF NORTHWEST OREGON- CENTRAL COAST RANGE OF WESTERN OREGON-LOWER COLUMBIA- GREATER PORTLAND METRO AREA-CENTRAL WILAMETTE VALLEY- SOUTH WILAMETTE VALLEY- WESTERN COLUMBIA RIVER GORGE - NORTHERN OREGON CASCADE FOOTHILLS- CASCADE FOOTHILLS IN LANE COUNTY-UPPER HOOD RIVER VALLEY- WILLAPA HILLS-SOUTH WASHINGTON COAST- I-5 CORRIDOR IN COWLITZ COUNTY-GREATER VANCOUVER AREA- SOUTH WASHINGTON CASCADE FOOTHILLS

Care should be taken when traveling over the mountains during this time. The most dangerous places include:

- Canyon bottoms, stream channels, and areas of rock and soil accumulation at the outlets of canyons;
- Bases of steep hillsides;
- Road cuts or other areas where slopes of hills have been excavated or over steepened;
- Places where slides or debris flows have occurred in the past.

Debris flows are rapidly moving landslides that can destroy everything in their paths. They can easily travel a mile or more, depending on the terrain. They will contain boulders and logs and transport those in a fast-moving soil and water slurry.

Some areas are more hazardous than others when the danger of landslides is high. If there is a flood warning, stay away from the river. Stay away from steep slopes during intense rainstorms. Knowing ahead of time where the danger areas around your home for potential landslides might be is the first step in being prepared.

Follow these steps:

- Stay alert. Listen to the radio, TV, or a weather radio for flood watches, which include the potential for debris flows and if told to evacuate, do so immediately;
- Listen for unusual sounds that might indicate moving debris, such as trees
cracking or boulders knocking together. A trickle of falling mud or debris may precede larger landslides;

- If you think there is danger of a landslide, leave immediately;
- If water in a river or stream suddenly turns muddy or the amount of water flowing suddenly decreases or increases, this is a warning that the flow has been affected upstream. You should immediately leave the area because a debris flow may soon be coming downstream;
- Assume highways are not safe. Be alert when driving, especially at night. Don’t overdrive your headlights. Embankments along roadsides may fail, sending rock and debris onto the road;
- Landowners and road managers should check road drainage systems and conduct needed maintenance in case the predicted heavy precipitation does occur.

Cleaning up after landslides can also be hazardous. "When it is wet outside, be careful when cleaning up the mess. A small mudslide can actually be part of a larger landslide. Cleanup should not be done until after the storm.

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